

M2M関連状況 roll & core WG meeting in IETF86

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ISOC-JP IETF86報告会

センサー網におけるIP技術の主な4つの課題

動作条件の厳しい通信機器の存在

省電力

物理的サイズ(5mm~)

低CPU性能(8 or 16-bit, 低クロック 8~16MHz)

少ないメモリ(~128 KB)

スリープモード

これらの特徴を持つ機器をIETFでは "Smart Object" と呼んでいる

■ 通信条件の厳しいネットワークの存在

多数のノード(~数千ノード)

低通信帯域(~250kbps)

高パケット損失性

技術者が直接メンテナンスできない環境

これらの特徴を持つネットワークをIETFでは

"LLN" (Low power and Lossy Network)

低消費電力&高パケット損失ネットワーク

と呼んでいる

Challenge Areas

新しいリンクに対応す る適合層の標準化

耐障害性経路制御 プロトコルの標準化

LLN向け汎用アプリケーションプロトコルの標準化

LLN向け機器の実 装ガイド

LLN向け機器管理 技術の標準化

LLNに関するIETFの動向

LLN向け機器の実装 ガイド



Lightweight Impl. lwig WG IETF80, Mar 2011

IPv6 Time Synchronization and Channel Hopping SIDE-BAR IETF86, Mar 2013 BOF

> Management of Constrained **Networks and Devices** IETF85. Nov 2012



Smart Objects Workshop IETF80, Mar 2011

Cross Layers Issues BoF IETF82, Nov 2011

> IPv6 over LoWPAN 6lowpan WG IETF61, Nov 2004

> > **LoWPAN**

新しいリンクに対応す る適合層の標準化

Low power and **Lossy Networks** roll WG IETF71, Mar 2008

> w Power WiFi PLC

耐障害性経路 制御プロトコル の標準化

Z-Wave Zigbee IP LLN向け機器管理 技術の標準化

Constrained **Envinronments** core WG IETF76, Nov 2009

> LLN向け汎用アプリ ケーションプロトコル の標準化

SmartGrid Bar-BoF. Autumn 2009 IoT Bar-BoF, Spring 2010

IEEE802.15.4-2003, Autumn 2003

EISA ACT, 2007

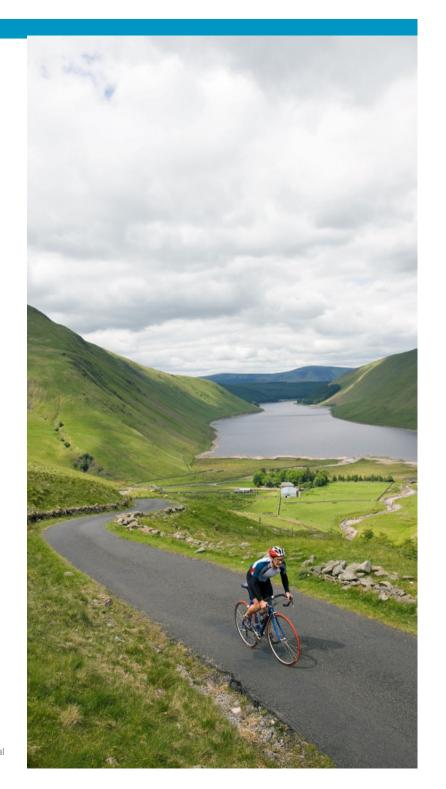
Zigbee/HomePlug, OpenSG/UCAlua. Autumn 2008

Summer 2009

Zigbee & WiFi collaboration, Sprint 2010

というわけで、今日の御題

- core WG
- roll WG
- 6tsch



What is "core" WG?

Constrained RESTful Environment

Co-chairs:

Carsten Borman (Bremen Univ) Andrew McGregor (Allied Telesis)

Mission

M2M向けのアプリケーションプロトコルの策定

RFCs and Significant Documents

RFC 6690: CoRE Link Format

CoAP Specifications

Core

Block

Observe

HTTP Mapping and Proxy

Group communication framework

Challenge Areas

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core WG: Document Status

Constrained Application Protocol

IETF Last Call finished. Now in AD review.

draft-ietf-core-coap-15 has been published.

Blockwise transfers in CoAP

Fragment/reassemble support

draft-ietf-core-block-11

Plan to submit to IESG review after core-coap published.

Observing Resources in CoAP

RESTful Pub/Sub support

draft-ietf-core-observe-08

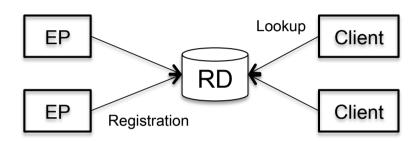
Plan to submit to IESG review after core-coap published.

core WG meeting

Resource directory

draft-shelby-core-resource-directory-05

will be adopted as a WG draft.



CoAP profile

/.well-known/profile provides a profile about CoAP protocol. e.g. supported options or content-format, block size.

Groupcomm

Solution for configuring group membership.

RD or DNS

get -> post ?

start from single-subnet configuration, and then complex case.

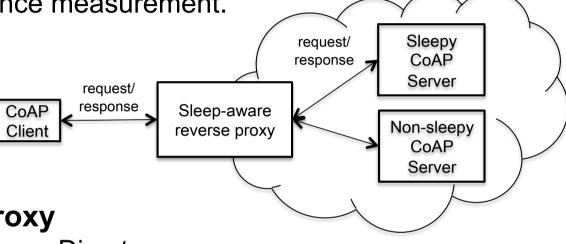
Security is out of scope so far.

core WG meeting, cont.

Sleepy node support

Sleepy node performance measurement.

Discussion continues.



Constrained Network

Sleep-aware reverse proxy

✓ CoRE Sleep-aware Resource Directory

Support storing published sleep parameters (state or duration) from CoAP servers

✓ Sleep-aware CoAP 5.03 Response Capability

If CoAP request to a sleeping server is received, proxy returns a '5.03 Retry-After' response to client. 5.03 contains a timestamp maxAge indicating when the sever will wake back up.

✓ Sleep-aware CoAP Store-and-Forward Capability

If CoAP request to a sleeping server is received, proxy stores request until server wakes up and then forwards it.

√ Caching capability

Cache GET responses from server if maxAge option is present (this is not a sleep aware feature)

core WG meeting, cont.

HTTP-CoAP reverse proxy and URI mapping

for implementers to make it interoperable.

draft-castellani-core-http-mapping-07

Alternative transport

CoAP over TCP, DTN, ...

CoAP over SMS, USSD

OMA Lightweight M2M

Others

Cross reverse convention mapping

JSON for linkformat

IPsec for CoAP

SMS: Short Messaging Service

USSD: unstructured supplementary service data, SMS for GSM

GSM: Global Service for Mobile **OMA**: Open Mobile Alliance

What is roll WG?

Routing Over Low power and Lossy networks

Co-chairs:

JP Vasseur (Cisco)
Michael Richardson (Consultant)

Mission

LLNとSmart Objects向けの経路制御に関する課題の解決

"Low power and Lossy networks (LLNs) are typically composed of many embedded devices with limited power, memory, and processing resources interconnected by a variety of links, such as IEEE 802.15.4, Low Power WiFi."

RFCs and Significant Documents

RFC 5548, 5673, 5826, 5867: Requirement for Urban, IA, HA, BA

RFC 6206: Trickle Algorithm

RFC 6550: RPL Core Spec

RFC 6551: Routing Metrics

RFC 6552: Objective Function Zero

RFC 6553: IPv6 Hop-by-Hop Option for RPL

RFC 6554: IPv6 Routing Header Option for RPL

P2P-RPL in IESG queue

RPL Multicast

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roll WG: Document Status

Reactive Discovery of Point-to-Point Routes in LLN

IESG evaluation was done.

PIO was removed, too confusing.

the option to send data (an ipv6 upper layer protocol) was removed; use case was unclear. approved by IESG as Experimental RFC. (30-Mar-2013)

p2p-measurements

approved by IESG as Experimental RFC. (04-Apr-2013) now in Editor queue.

Trickel Multicast

IPR claim filed, Nokia Corporation WG Last Call ended. (30-Mar-2013)

Terminology

AD evaluation was done, revised id needed.

IETF Last Call ended. (30-Mar-2013)

Security Threat Analysis

IETF Last Call ended (21-Jan-2013)

draft-ietf-roll-security-threats-01 was published. (25-Feb-2013)

roll WG: Applicability Documents

- Industrial, home and building app. are WG adopted.
- Metering applicability statement has gone AWOL?
 needs resurrection by end of april.

Home and building
 roll-rpl-applicability-home-building
 → roll-p2p-rpl-applicability-home building
 p2p, home, building とは何か?ついて紛糾。
 e.g. managed or unmanaged

6tsch

- IPv6 access and routing over deterministic (TSCH) MAC
- Required by the industrial networks.

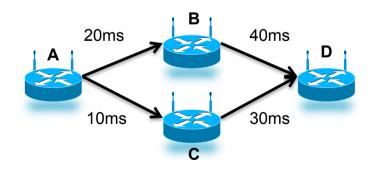
originally from RPL applicability

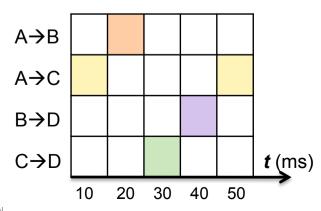
Liaizon with ISA100.20

dependency: IEEE 802.1TSN, ISA100.20, IoT6

Motivation from

Industrial Deterministic Routing Extension for LLN TDMA(L2)の待ち時間をメトリックに扱う提案。





6tsch: Players

PCE

for centralized scheduling.

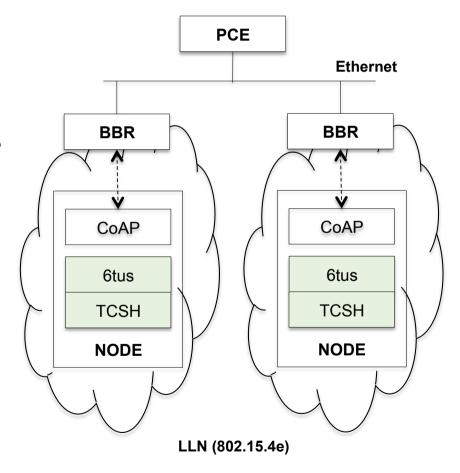
has full knowledge of topology and traffic requirements to computes schedule.

communicates with nodes to configure their schedule.

PCE-node protocol **TBD**e.g. CoAP in COMAN
PCE typically schedules hard links.

6tus

for distributed scheduling. management and track reservation.



Conclusion

roll WG

- ✓ P2P-RPL, Measurement become RFCs soon.
- ✓ Others in progress terminology. trickle multicast. security analysis.
- ✓ Applicability Industry, Home and Building. Metering.
- √6tsch

core WG

- √ Core: IETF LC finished.
- ✓ Observe: AD review soon.
- ✓ Block: AD review soon.
- ✓ additional protocols resource directory. sleepy suppor. http-coap mapping. etc....



Lake Formosa